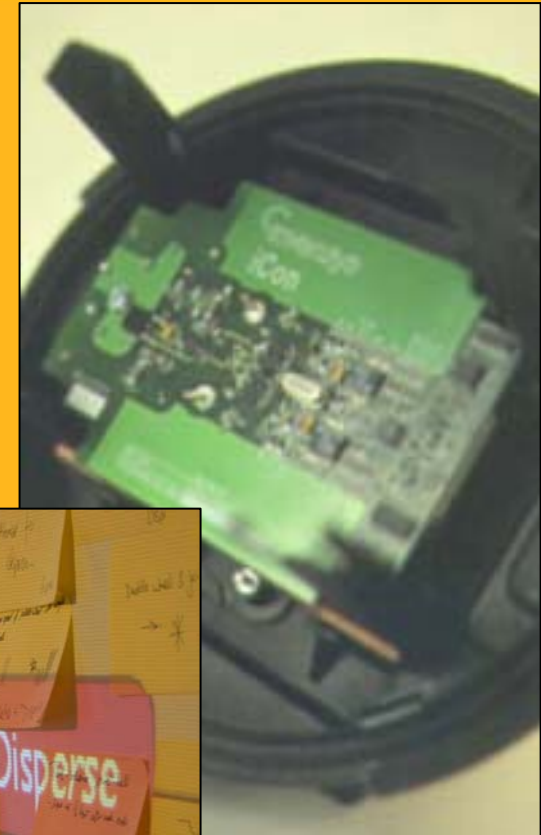
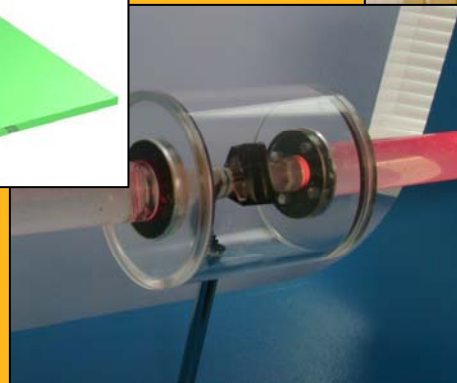
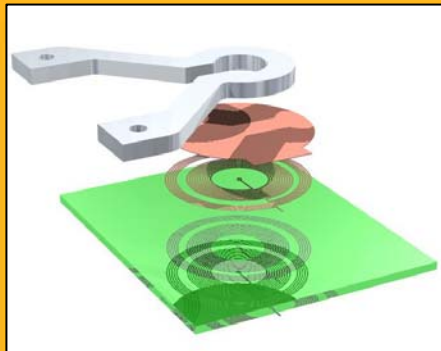


# Smart Meters for Dumb Markets

The global experience

# Context: Sentec's business

Sentec provides revolutionary technologies for the utilities industry, through contract R&D services and licensing intellectual property



# Smart Metering: why bother?

- UK homes use 33% of total electricity generated every year (~17 GW p.a.)
- It has an important part to play in a low carbon economy
- Smart metering promotes behavioural change
- It makes commercial sense
- Adds in other benefits up and down supply chain

# What is a smart meter?



‘Perhaps the most general definition defines the device as a type of advanced meter that identifies consumption in more detail than a conventional meter, and optionally communicates that information via some [network](#) back to the local [utility](#) for monitoring and billing purposes. Typically the term "Smart Meter" refers to an [electrical meter](#), but the term is also starting to be applied to the measurement of [natural gas](#) and [water](#) consumption’

## NOT just a bolt-on radio...

Automated meter reading

Active load management

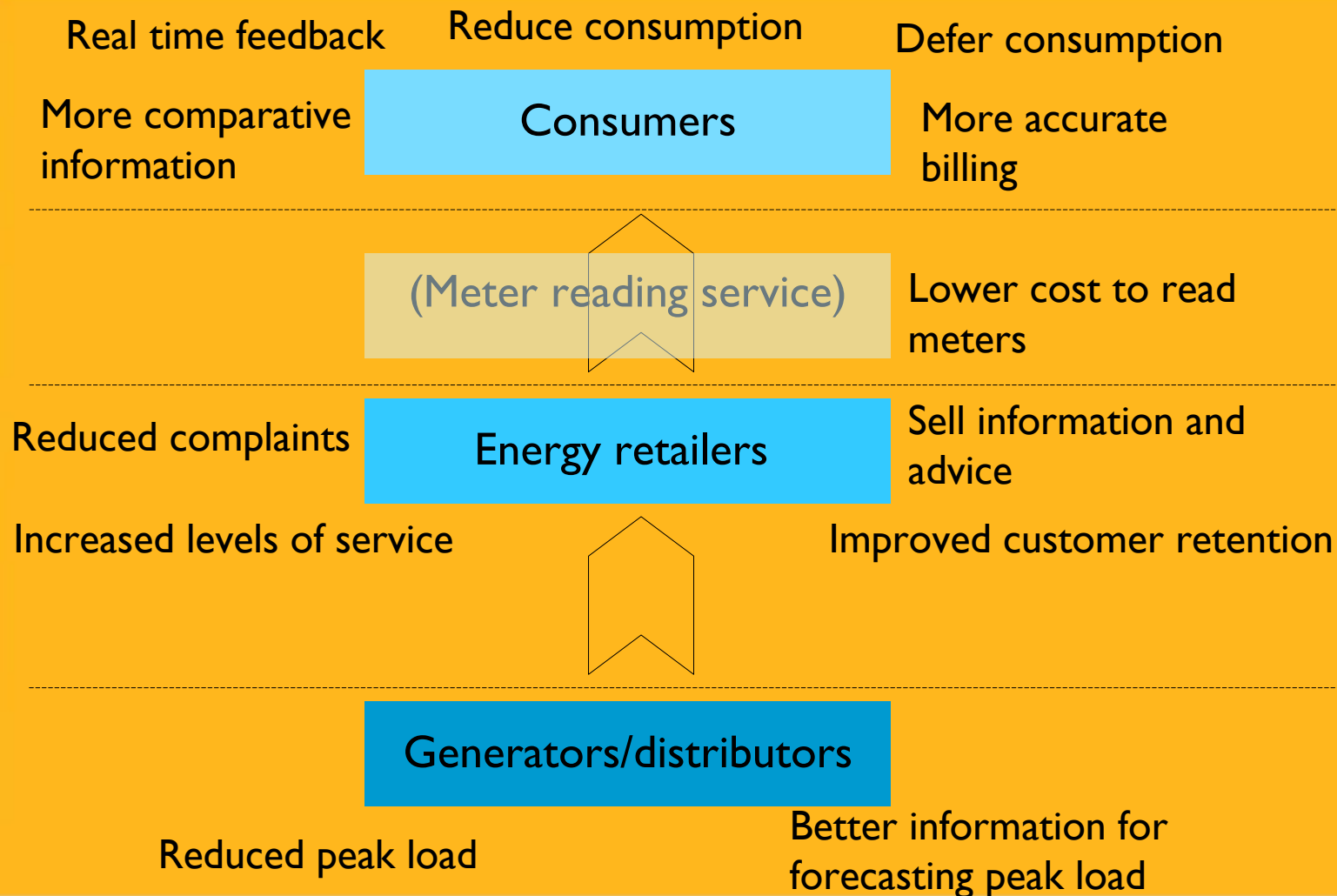


Time of use data

Fault/tamper reporting

Power quality monitoring

# What can smart meters do?



# Behavioural change

- Studies show range of response, influenced by:
  - support from utility, housing condition, nature of feedback, market context
- Typically reductions of between 5-15% noted
- ‘Feedback is a necessary but not always sufficient condition for savings’

Source: ‘Making it Obvious: designing feedback into energy consumption’ Environmental Change Institute

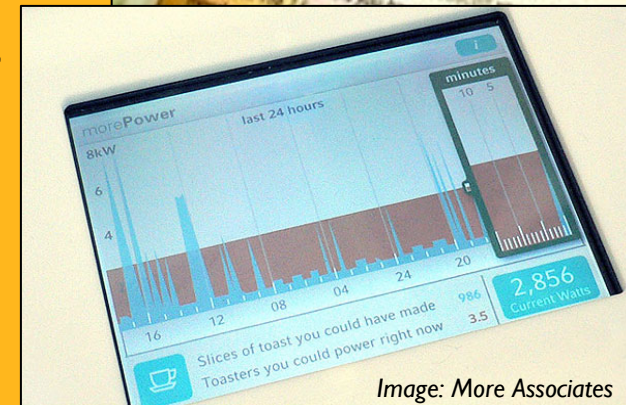
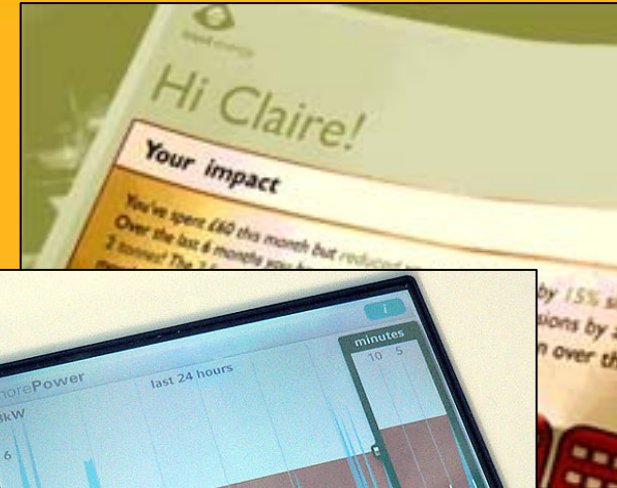


Image: More Associates

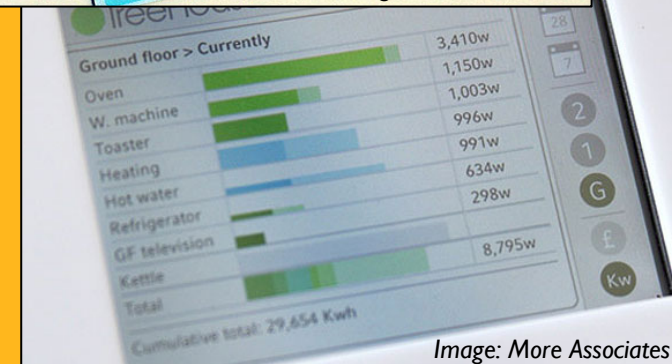


Image: More Associates

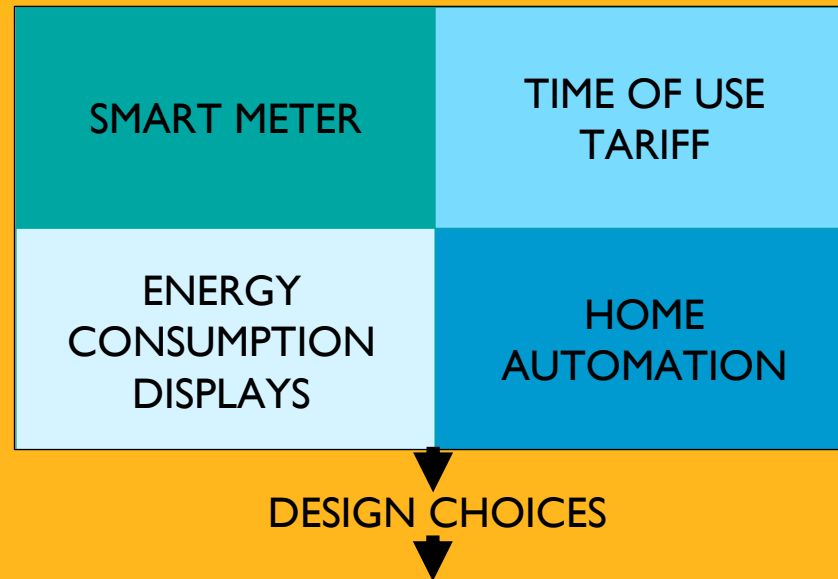
# Behavioural change

Is most likely to be effected where:

- Households are already energy conscious
  - more than 33% of 'very' or 'fairly' energy conscious households (>80% of sample) check bills and meters already
- Individuals have opportunity for repeated feedback, information and action
  - high correlation between households seeking energy advice and installing efficiency measures
  - suggests requirement for energy advice from suppliers – business opportunity?
- Sources of information are trusted and immediate

Source: 'Making it Obvious: designing feedback into energy consumption' Environmental Change Institute

# The full system...



- Place of display (central, mobile)
- Motivational factors (self competition, goal seeking, social reward, monetary reward)
- Display units (environmental impact, kWh, money)
- Display methods (tables, numbers, language, graphs, pictures)
- Information categories (appliance/activity, by room, by time period, by person)
- Timescale (past performance, future predictions)

# The international experience

- Metering innovation largely adopted in electricity
  - Where smart metering is already used worldwide in commercial and industrial meters
- For the domestic market there is widespread adoption or advanced plans in:
  - USA, Italy, Canada, Australia, Sweden, N. Ireland
- Different markets have different drivers:
  - Reduce peak demand
  - Reduce cost of read
  - Reduce fraud
  - Not generally to reduce consumption

} *All commercial drivers*

# The global experience: USA

- Fragmented electricity market, vertically integrated by region
- Drivers for smart metering
  - Reducing cost of meter reading
  - Reducing peak load demand
  - Preventing black/brown outs in certain areas
    - April 2006: mid-south Texas loses power for up to five hours due to excessive air conditioner use.
- Supporting activities (California)
  - Designing dynamic pricing tariffs
  - Public education of benefits



# The global experience: Italy

- Domestic market dominated by one player: Enel
- ‘Telegestore’ system implementation began 2001
  - 40,000 meters *per day* being installed
  - Smart meter that allows for meter management as well as better data
- Driven by business needs:
  - Reduce number of meter visits
  - Reduce fraud and bad debt
  - Improve data to better manage generation and prevent blackouts
  - Get Enel into good position for introduction of competitive electricity supply market (2007)
- Results:
  - Enel calculate a 2.1 B € investment, against cost savings of 500 M € pa
  - Investment has driven new smart meter designs at very low cost

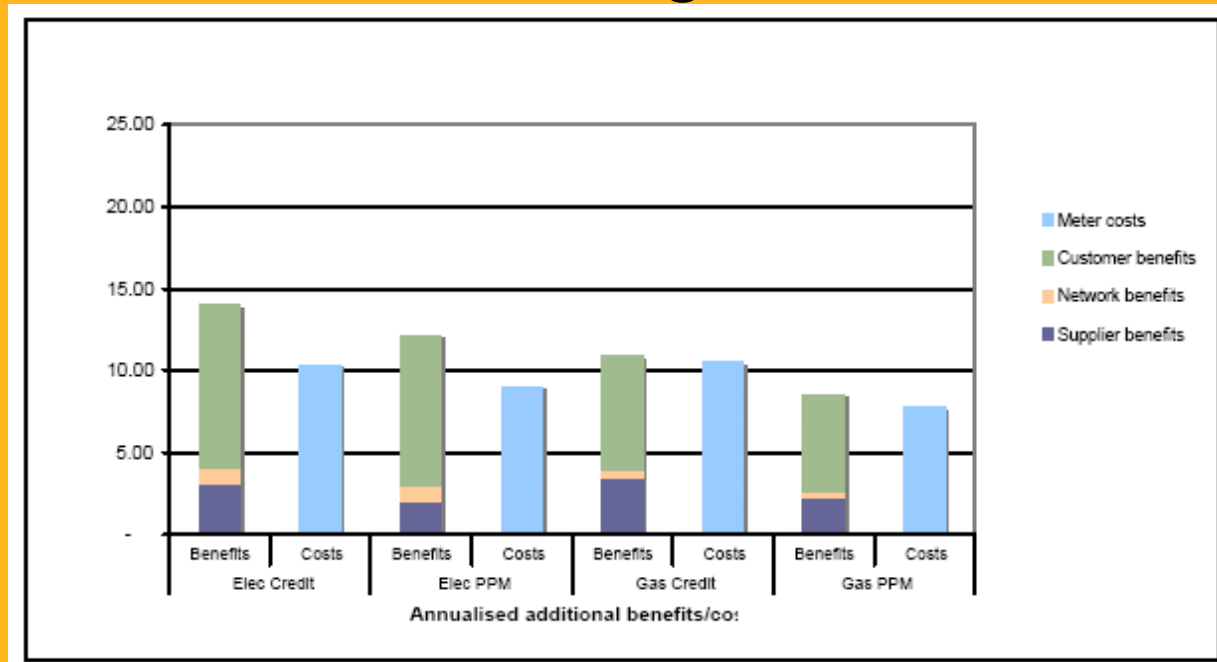
# The global experience: Sweden

- Competition in energy retailing
  - Over 200 suppliers with three market leaders having >50% of market
  - Meters provided by distributor, not retailer
- 2003: government statute to introduce monthly billing:
  - Primarily to strengthen consumer feedback
  - Also to improve accuracy of bills
- Results:
  - Vattenfall alone have installed over 100 000 household meters to date – calculate savings on meter readings will cancel out costs
  - Rapid development of new low cost meters from suppliers



# Reality bites: the UK experience

- Ofgem's latest cost benefit analysis shows clear overall smart metering benefit:



Source: Domestic Metering Innovation, Ofgem Consultation Paper 2006

- BUT** benefits accrue to different parties in the chain, no one party can afford the cost

## Result?

Poor design of UK market prevents widespread adoption of metering innovation, so that the UK market:

- Cannot influence customer behaviour effectively
- Has poor real time data quality
- Fails to provide a bill based on actual consumption for 36% of customers each quarter
- Has 60 million customer queries on bills per year, at an estimated cost of £90 million

Does this sound like a smart market to you?

# Options for adoption in the UK

## OFGEM OPTIONS:

- Address barriers to innovation
- Enable customer to contract for smart meter
- Impose an obligation on suppliers
- Re-bundle metering services into networks
- Await international evidence
- Instigate a trial

## SENTEC COMMENT:

- BUT major benefit to one group is cost to another
- Smart meters alone are not sufficient product
- As per Sweden
- As in Italy
- Long grass
- Long grass

# What can technology do?

- Already here:
  - AMR (for many situations)
  - Time of use data
  - Meter management software
- First generation:
  - Consumer displays of gross usage
  - Smart water and gas metering
- Potentially:
  - Web based consumption data
  - Estimated usage by appliance (*not easy*)
  - Lower cost smart meters



# Conclusions

- Smart metering can have significant impact on consumption
  - With appropriate support from government and utilities
- It is also commercially viable
  - As proven in other markets
- To make it fly in the UK market would require some alteration in structure
- To maximise impact on consumer behaviour will require further technical input

Only then...

